

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## **ILS PETROLEUM JELLY**

Infosafe No.: LQ396
ISSUED Date: 01/08/2019
ISSUED by: Industrial Lubricants & Services

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

#### **GHS Product Identifier**

ILS PETROLEUM JELLY

## **Company Name**

**Industrial Lubricants & Services Ltd** 

#### **Address**

PO Box 259 347, Botany, Manukau 2163 Auckland, New Zealand

## Telephone/Fax Number

Tel: 0800 10 40 11 Fax: 0800 10 40 15

## **Emergency phone number**

0800 10 40 17

#### **E-mail Address**

orders@industlubes.co.nz

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Widely used as a base for ointments, salves, veterinary and cosmetic applications as well as food processing, leather finishes, plasticizer for plastics, rubber, paper and rope industries.

## 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

## GHS classification of the substance/mixture

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001, New Zealand. Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## Information on Composition

ILS PETROLEUM JELLY is a highly refined soft unctuous product manufactured from food grade waxes and oils.

## Ingredients

Name	CAS	Proportion
Petroleum Jelly	8063-27-2	100 %

## 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

#### **Inhalation**

If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

#### Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth thoroughly with water. Seek medical attention.

#### Skin

Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

## Eye contact

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed out completely. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

#### **First Aid Facilities**

Eyewash and normal washroom facilities.

#### **Advice to Doctor**

Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water fog or foam.

#### **Hazards from Combustion Products**

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen.

## **Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical**

This product will burn if exposed to fire.

#### **Decomposition Temperature**

Not available

#### **Precautions in connection with Fire**

Fire fighters should wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode and full protective clothing to prevent exposure to vapours or fumes. Water spray may be used to cool down heat-exposed containers. Fight fire from safe location. This product should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

#### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## **Emergency Procedures**

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, Non combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Avoid inhalation of vapours and mists, and skin or eye contact. Use only in a well ventilated area. Keep containers sealed when not in use. Prevent the build up of mists or vapours in the work atmosphere. Do not use near ignition sources. Do not pressurise, cut, heat or weld containers as they may contain hazardous residues. Maintain high standards of personal hygiene by washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition, oxidising agents, strong acids, foodstuffs, and clothing. Protect from freezing. Keep containers closed when not in use, securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Have appropriate fire extinguishers available in and near the storage area. Take precautions against static electricity discharges. Use proper grounding procedures. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS1940 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Occupational exposure limit values

No exposure standards have been established for this material, however, the TWA exposure standards for oil mist (mineral) is 5 mg/m³, STEL: 10 mg/m³. As with all chemicals, exposure should be kept to the lowest possible levels.

Source: Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices.

## **Biological Limit Values**

No biological limits allocated.

#### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide sufficient ventilation to keep airborne levels below the exposure limits or as low as possible. Where vapours or mists are generated, particularly in enclosed areas, and natural ventilation is inadequate, a flameproof exhaust ventilation system is required. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning ventilation requirements.

#### **Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

#### **Eve Protection**

Safety glasses with side shields, chemical goggles or full-face shield as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 (series) - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

#### **Hand Protection**

Wear gloves of impervious material such as nitrile. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations.

Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

#### **Body Protection**

Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Properties	Description	Properties	Description
Form	Semi Solid	Appearance	Translucent,soft, unctuous semi-solid.
Colour	White	Odour	Odourless
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	Not available	Melting Point	52 - 54°C (ASTM D127)
<b>Boiling Point</b>	>200°C	Solubility in Water	Insoluble
Specific Gravity	0.80 - 0.90	рН	Not available
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Vapour Density (Air=1)	Not available
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available
Viscosity	See Kinematic viscosity	Partition Coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available
Density	0.821 g/ml (25°C) (ASTM D1298)	Flash Point	>200°C (Cleveland Open Cup)
Flammability	Non flammable	Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available
Flammable Limits - Lower	Not available	Flammable Limits - Upper	Not available
Kinematic Viscosity	5 - 6.2 cSt (100°C) (ASTM D445)		

## **Other Information**

Congealing Point: 50°C (ASTM D938) Cone Penetration: 155°C (ASTM D937)

Sulphated Ash: Nil (IP 163)

Acidity/Alkalinity: Complies (BP 2007) UV Light Absorption: Complies (BP 2001)

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon: Complies (FDA 21 CFR 172.880)

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

Refer to Sec 10: Possibility of hazardous reactions

## **Chemical Stability**

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

#### **Conditions to Avoid**

Heat, open flames and other sources of ignition.

#### **Incompatible materials**

Strong oxidizing agents.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with incompatibles.

#### **Hazardous Polymerization**

Not available

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Toxicology Information**

No toxicity data available for this material.

#### Ingestion

Ingestion of this product may irritate the gastric tract causing nausea and vomiting.

## **Inhalation**

Inhalation of product vapours may cause irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory system.

#### Skin

May be irritating to skin. The symptoms may include redness, itching and swelling.

## Eye

May be irritating to eyes. The symptoms may include redness, itching and tearing.

## **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser.

## **Skin Sensitisation**

Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

## Carcinogenicity

Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard.

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

## STOT-single exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

No ecological data available for this material.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available

#### Mobility

Not available

#### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Not available

## **Other Adverse Effects**

Not available

#### **Environmental Protection**

Prevent this material entering waterways, drains and sewers.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## **Disposal considerations**

Product Disposal:

Product wastes are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations. The product should be rendered non-hazardous before being sent to a licensed landfill facility. In this specific case the product is a combustible substance and therefore can be sent to an approved high temperature incineration plant for disposal.

Personal protective clothing and equipment as specified in Section 8 of this SDS must be worn during handling and disposal of this product. The ventilation requirements as specified in the same section must also be followed, and the precautions given in Section 7 of this SDS regarding handling must also be followed.

Do not dispose into the sewerage system. Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or dispose where ground or surface waters may be affected.

In New Zealand, the disposal agency or contractor must comply with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001. Further details regarding disposal can be obtained on the EPA New Zealand website under specific group standards. Container Disposal:

The container or packaging must be cleaned and rendered incapable of holding any substance. It can then be disposed of in a manner consistent with that of the substance it contained. In this instance the packaging can be disposed through a commercial waste collection service.

Alternatively, the container or packaging can be recycled if the hazardous residues have been thoroughly cleaned or rendered non-hazardous

In New Zealand, the packaging (that may or may not hold any residual substance) that is lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through a public or commercial waste collection service is a means of compliance with regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### **Transport Information**

Road and Rail Transport:

Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Air Transport (ICAO/IATA):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

Marine Transport (IMO/IMDG):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

#### **U.N. Number**

None Allocated

## **UN proper shipping name**

None Allocated

## Transport hazard class(es)

None Allocated

## **IMDG Marine pollutant**

No

## **Transport in Bulk**

Not available

## **Special Precautions for User**

Not available

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## **Regulatory information**

Not classified as Hazardous according to the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

## Date of preparation or last revision of SDS

SDS Reviewed: August 2019 Supersedes: April 2014

## References

Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices.

Transport of Dangerous goods on land NZS 5433.

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets - Approved Code of Practice Under the HSNO Act 1996 (HSNO CoP 8-1 09-06).

Assigning a hazardous substance to a group standard.

Adopted biological exposure determinants, American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

## **END OF SDS**

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